Nicholas Ormes, Petr Vojtěchovský Powers and alternative laws

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Abstract: A groupoid is alternative if it satisfies the alternative laws x(xy) = (xx)y and x(yy) = (xy)y. These laws induce four partial maps on $\mathbb{N}^+ \times \mathbb{N}^+$

 $(r,s) \mapsto (2r, s-r), \quad (r-s, 2s), \quad (r/2, s+r/2), \quad (r+s/2, s/2),$

that taken together form a dynamical system. We describe the orbits of this dynamical system, which allows us to show that *n*th powers in a free alternative groupoid on one generator are well-defined if and only if $n \leq 5$. We then discuss some number theoretical properties of the orbits, and the existence of alternative loops without two-sided inverses.

Keywords: alternative laws, alternative groupoid, powers, dynamical system, alternative loop, two-sided inverse

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